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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/582,905	22,905 06/13/2006 Johann Schenk		Wuesthoff-8 (9A-98 448)	5005	
26479 STRAUB & PC	7590 03/04/200 OKOTYLO	EXAMINER			
788 Shrewsbury TINTON FALL	Avenue		РНАМ,	РНАМ, НОА Q	
TINTON PALE	23, NJ 07724		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2886		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			03/04/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/582,9	05	SCHENKL, JOHANN				
		Examine	•	Art Unit				
		Hoa Q. P		2886				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on th	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	26 January 200	9.					
-	-	This action is r						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo	owance except	for formal matters, pro	secution as to th	e merits is			
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>11-13,15,18,21 and 27-36</u> is/are p	pending in the	application.					
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-13,15,18,21 and 27-36</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election r	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.						
•	The drawing(s) filed on 30 May 2008 is/are		ed or b)⊡ objected to l	by the Examiner.				
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) l	be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3)  Inform	t(s)  e of References Cited (PTO-892)  e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  r No(s)/Mail Date	3)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/26/09 has been entered.

## **Priority**

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### **Drawings**

3. The drawings filed on 5/30/08 are accepted.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

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Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 11-13, 15, 18, 21, 27-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schenkl et al (6,771,373) in view of Lloyd et al (5,493,127) or Tambo et al (5,194,921).

Regarding claims 11-13, Schenkl et al (of record) discloses a sensor for transmission measurement in a washing machine or dishwasher with a carrier (26), a transmitter (12) attached to the carrier to emit a transmitter beam, a receiver (14) attached to the carrier to receive the beam generated by the transmitter (figures 1-2). The carrier comprises a first leg (8) to which the transmitter (12) is attached and a second leg (10) to which the receiver (14) is attached opposite the transmitter. Schenkl does not explicitly teach a diaphragm system arranged on the carrier spaced from the transmitter or arranged on the carrier spaced from receiver. However, such a feature is known in the art as taught by Lloyd et al or Tambo et al. Both Lloyd et al and Tambo et al, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a fluid measuring device in which the diaphragm (i.e., apertures 58 and 60 in figure 6 of Lloyd et al or slits 5 and 9 in figure 1 of Tambo et al) are arranged spaced from the transmitter and receiver. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include in Schenkl a diaphragm system spaced from the transmitter and spaced form the receiver as taught by Lloyd et al or Tambo et al. The rationale for this modification would have arisen from the fact that using such diaphragm system would prevent unwanted light that may enter the detector system.

Regarding claims 15, 18, and 21; figure 2 of Schenkl et al shows that leg (10) is longer than leg (8) and a temperature sensor (18) arranged on the long leg.

Regarding claims 27-28, it is noted that when the diaphragms located in front of the transmitter and the receiver, the distance between the diaphragm opening at the transmitter and the diaphragm opening at the receiver is greater than the space between the transmitter (or receiver) and the diaphragm opening (see figure 2 of Schenkl et al).

Regarding claims 29-31, it is inherent that when the diaphragm is used in front of the light source (i.e., LED) or receiver, the diaphragm would limit some areas of the main lobe.

Regarding claim 32, see figure 6 of Lloyd et al or figure 1 of Tambo et al.

Regarding claim 33, since Schenkl et al teaches that the distance between the window 34 and 36 are greater than the distance a) between the window 34 and light source (12) or b) between the window 36 and the detector (14). Thus, it is inherent that when the references combined, the distance between the first diaphragm and second diaphragm is greater than the distance between the first diaphragm and the light source or the distance between the second diaphragm and the detector.

Regarding claims 34-35, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to choose the different size of the diaphragms (i.e., first diaphragm is small and second diaphragm is large), since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the size of the component. A

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change in the size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding claim 36, see housing (2) in figure 1 of Schenkl et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hoa Q. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-2426. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00AM TO 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tarifur Chowdhury can be reached on (571) 272-2287. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2886

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March 1, 2009